

ANARCHIST PLOT IS UNEARTHED

Had Plans Laid For Big Riot In New York.

Conspiracy to Assassinate Coun- try's Richest Men and Raid Banks Nipped in Bud.

New York, March 2.—An attempt to blow up St. Patrick's Cathedral with a bomb to-day and the arrest of two men by detectives who had been informed for months of their activities, was followed by an announcement made at police headquarters that the arrests had balked an anarchist plot to kill with bombs Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other wealthy men. Thereafter the anarchists, according to the police, were to inaugurate in New York City a reign of terror comparable only to the days of the French Revolution.

It was part of the plot, the police assert, for gangs of men armed with rifles and revolvers to appear simultaneously in various parts of the city to shoot and to pillage; the biggest banks of New York City were to be blown up and many wealthy men were to be slain.

It was announced at police headquarters this afternoon that Abarno had made a confession in which he admitted the existence of a plan to begin a reign of terror in this city which would include the assassination of Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, Cornelius Vanderbilt and other wealthy men.

The wrecking of the cathedral was to be the signal for the opening of the elaborate campaign of murder and looting. The next movement, according to the police, was to place bombs in the homes of Andrew Carnegie, the Rockefellers and Cornelius Vanderbilt. So far had the plot progressed toward this end that the manufacture of the bombs, the police say, had already been started.

Plan Reign of Terror.
With these and other capitalists disposed of, the anarchists planned, according to the police, to invade the financial district and lay their bombs in the city's biggest banks. General looting was to follow.

For months a central office detective had worked in the inner circle of the anarchists, according to the police story, and had kept the Detective Bureau advised of all their plans. This detective, Frank Baldo, assisted in the manufacture of the bomb with which the attempt was made to blow up the cathedral. The detective accompanied the bomb thrower to the edifice and sat with him while he lighted the bomb and hurled it at the altar.

Immediately the cathedral, in which 800 persons sat at worship, became alive with detectives, whose presence had been unsuspected by the bomb carrier. Baldo, sitting beside him, placed him under arrest; detectives sitting in the pew behind dashed into the aisle and stamped out the sputtering fuse. The congregation hardly realized what had happened when it was all over and there was no panic.

At police headquarters the alleged bomb thrower said he was Frank Abarno, a lithographer, twenty-four years old. Soon after he was taken to headquarters detectives acting upon information given them by Baldo arrested Charles Carbone, an eighteen-year-old boy, and charged him with complicity in the plot and with helping to make the bomb.

Walks Into Trap.

When Abarno entered the cathedral door, his bomb in a package under his coat and Baldo at his side, he walked onto a stage whose every setting had been placed there by detectives. Two scrub women on their knees in the vestibule through which he passed were in reality central office detectives. The white-wigged priest who met them at the door and took them to a seat down near the front of the church and close to the altar was a Sergeant of police.

Just behind Abarno there entered the church, quite casually, two more detectives, who followed the pseudo priest and took seats at his bidding in the pew behind. It was these

men who saved the cathedral from damage by beating out the fire in the fuse.

Abarno realized the identity of his companion a moment after he had lighted from the glowing end of a cigar the fuse of the bomb which he carried under his coat. The missile had barely left his hand, to lie for a moment on the carpet at the foot of the altar, when Baldo pinioned Abarno's arms behind him, told him that he was under arrest and started to leave the church. Abarno permitted himself to be handcuffed to his captor without resistance and walked meekly down the aisle with other detectives surrounding him.

Death of James W. Ward.

Mr. James W. Ward, an old citizen of the No Creek neighborhood, died Wednesday morning at his home of diseases incident to old age. Mr. Ward was 76 years old and had spent his life in the same locality where he was honored and respected by all. His funeral was conducted at the Methodist church yesterday afternoon at one o'clock by his pastor, Rev. Eli Wesley, assisted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, after which the burial was at the Carson burying ground. He leaves a widow and a large number of children to mourn their loss. He will be greatly missed in his community where he was known for his rugged honesty and kindly spirit. His popularity was attested by the great throng attending his funeral to pay their respects to his memory.

May Send Japanese Army to Europe.

Yokohama, March 3.—The project of sending a Japanese army to Europe is to be pushed still further by those who have proposed the idea. A mass meeting was held here on February 4, and largely attended by those who cheered the chauvinistic speeches. The following resolution was adopted:

"The association advocating the dispatch of Japanese troops to Europe pledges itself to do its best to induce the Imperial Government to arrange with the Governments of Great Britain, Russia and France, the terms on which Japanese troops are to be dispatched to Europe. In compliance with their desire. With this end in view the present association will try to create public opinion on the subject."

Shuroku Kuroiwa, editor of the Yoruozu, a newspaper which has been active in support of the plan of sending troops to Europe, declared in a speech at the meeting that if the present war should end in victory for the Germans, the future of Japan would be in danger. He held it was most important that Japan should do all in its power to avert such an issue. He also said if the Allies were victorious their influence would necessarily extend to the east and an alliance with these Powers would be necessary. Under these circumstances he believed Japan would do well to render assistance at the present time.

He spoke of a third possibility, namely that if the war should be a long one, to the exhaustion of the belligerent Powers, it would be inevitable that the United States would gain the ascendancy, in which event he thought pressure would be brought to bear upon Japan by the United States.

Korehiro Kurahara, a member of Parliament, also spoke. He asked why the Japanese people acted as if the war were brought to an end with the fall of Tsingtau. The present, he said, was a most critical period for Japan, and it was the duty of the nation to give full play to the Yama-to spirit characteristic of the Japanese people and to dispatch troops to Europe without delay.

Some Corn Raisings.

The winners of the Boys' Corn club have just been ascertained as to who raised the greatest number of bushels at least cost per bushel, under offer of the Fiscal Court of last year. Their names are as follows: Daniel Hunt, 65 bushels and 40 pounds, cost 12.6c per bu.; Rigdon Childers, 102 bushels and 4 pounds, cost 13.2c per bu.

The above are the winners of that contest and show the production of corn at that rate per bushel. There were other boys in the contest who did not furnish to the committee the cost per bushel per acre to raise it. Ohio county should be very proud of these boys, and some steps should be taken to perpetuate the boys corn clubs and make it a county institution.

PLAN ARMY OF RESERVES

Prominent Citizens Who Be- lieve Country in Peril.

Roosevelt Says He Will Raise Nine Regiments For Organization.

New York, March 1.—Formal announcement was made her last night of the formation of an organization of first reserves to be known as the American Legion, to be composed of former army, navy and militiamen, which will better insure the nation's preparedness in case of war. Capt. Gordon Johnston, aide-de-camp to Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, made the announcement on behalf of a group of army and navy men who in an unofficial capacity are acting with civilians in promoting the movement. Capt. Johnston said that it is planned to establish within a short time a first reserve of between 250,000 and 300,000 former army and navy militiamen for instant call in case of emergency.

Maj. Gen. Wood has already given the plan his unofficial indorsement, and former President Roosevelt has written a letter approving the proposal. Numerous other public men have indorsed the project, and a statement by the promoters says that former Secretaries of War and of the Navy have indicated their willingness to act in an advisory capacity. Ascertaining that he and his four sons will become members of the legion, Col. Roosevelt in a letter to the organizers says that in the event of war he intends to ask Congress for permission to raise a division of cavalry.

Mr. Roosevelt's letter in part follows: "I and my four sons will gladly become members. I very earnestly hope and pray that there will be no war; but the surest way to avoid war is to be prepared for it; and the only way to avoid disaster and disgrace in war is by preparation, both military and naval, in advance."

"In the event of war I should ask permission of Congress to raise a division of cavalry that is, nine regiments, such as the regiment I commanded in Cuba; and unquestionably the ranks of these regiments would largely be filled from the men of the legion and would in their entirety be filled by men such as those in the legion; for in the event of war there will be no time to train the men first called upon in such duties as shooting, riding and taking care of themselves in the open."

"We should as a nation have begun to prepare ourselves the minute this war broke out seven months ago. It is absolutely impossible to be sure, when there is such a tremendous war, that we shall not be drawn into it against our will. The people of this country are only beginning to realize the extent of our military and naval unpreparedness."

Col. Roosevelt says he will gladly serve as chairman of the Legion's Board of Honorary Advisors and hopes that the legion will accomplish its purpose in organizing a first reserve, for he says:

"It is idle for us to trust to arbitration and neutral treaties unbacked by force. Let us act justly toward others and let us also be prepared with stout heart and strong hand to defend our rights against injustice from others."

In a formal statement of the aims and objects of the legion given out last night by Capt. Johnston and his associates, it is said that the Legion, now being incorporated under the laws of New York State, plans to enroll in its membership first, all men who have had army and naval training and are therefore equipped for instant service. But the legion seeks to enroll patriotic citizens generally, especially those who have been unable to serve in the army, navy or organized militia in time of peace, but whose special qualifications make them immediately valuable.

"It is planned to have two active branches of the legion," said Capt. Johnston. "The line will be composed exclusively of men who have had army or navy service or who can

handle a high power rifle and are seasoned in that fundamental of soldiering, taking care of themselves, roughing it in the open—a combination of regulars and rough riders."

"The special service branch of the legion will accept in its various services, only those men with thorough technical qualification, such as engineers, doctors, aviators, blacksmiths, telegraphists chauffeurs and men of dozens of other special calling. It will be what the Government now lacks—a first reserve."

Roosevelt Replies to Barnes' Petition.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The local attorneys for Theodore Roosevelt in the libel action brought against the former President by William Barnes, Jr., today received copies of the bill of particulars which Col. Roosevelt has filed in reply to Mr. Barnes' demand.

Mr. Barnes called for a specification of "the several matters in regard to which the administration of the State government of New York has been insufficient, wasteful and in some instances corrupt."

Mr. Roosevelt replies that the periods referred to are the years 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. He bases his information on an editorial published in Mr. Barnes' newspaper and also on the platform adopted by the Republicans in the last State campaign which charges the Democrats with gross abuses in administration and legislation during the four years they were in power.

Specifications are given by Col. Roosevelt to the charge that from 1898 to 1914 there had been co-operation between the Democratic and Republican organizations with regard to legislation.

In answer to request for names of political leaders who are alleged to have been hostile to the franchise tax law, Mr. Roosevelt names Mr. Barnes, among others.

In regard to times and places when and where Mr. Barnes is alleged to have entered into agreements (or others with his knowledge entered into agreements) with regard to legislation "or executive action which favored or opposed as it would affect the pecuniary interests of such contributors, Mr. Roosevelt says it was since 1896 and prior to September 28, 1914. He gives the names of the parties with whom such alleged agreements were entered into as Anthony N. Brady, Robert C. Pruyn, the Mutual Life Insurance Company and the Equitable Life Insurance Company, of New York.

American Held Prisoner in Mexico Without Trial.

El Paso, Tex., March 2.—Reports from the highest authority which reached the border to-day told of the imprisonment since February 13 in the Chihuahua penitentiary of Leonard Worcester, Jr., an American mining man of Chihuahua City. Worcester, it was said, has been held by the Villa authorities without trial.

The case was reported some time ago to the State Department through Marlon Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua City, and George C. Carothers, State Department representative.

Worcester was arrested on a charge of having defrauded Francisco Rueda Unlano of money alleged to have been due him from the Granby Mining & Smelting Company, of St. Louis, Mo., of which the imprisoned American was said to be chief assayer. The money was claimed as due for a quantity of zinc ore secured from a confiscated mine which the complainant was said to have leased from the Villa government.

Warren Lindley Dead.

Mr. Warren Lindley died at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Tilden Taylor, of the Point vicinity, with whom he resided, at 8:10 o'clock last Monday morning of stomach troubles and complications. After funeral services conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, of Hartford, at the residence at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, his remains were interred in the family burying grounds in the presence of a large circle of friends and relatives. The deceased was born October 24, 1849, therefore was 65 years old, four months and seven days old.

Mr. Lindley, who was one of Ohio county's most highly respected citizens, leaves surviving him two sons, three daughters, and many other relatives and friends to mourn his demise.

'POSSUM HUNTER' JURY IMPANELED

Muhlenberg Cases Being Tried in Simpson.

Number of Witnesses Testify and Retell Stories of Law- lessness.

Franklin, Ky., March 3.—The case of the alleged 'possum hunters' which by change of venue was transferred from Muhlenberg to Simpson county was called at 10:30 o'clock this morning. No trouble is anticipated in Franklin and all is quiet regardless of the rumors afloat that the hardware merchants here have for the last few days been doing a lucrative business in their ammunition department, cartridges for rifles being much in demand.

When the case was called both the defense and Commonwealth announced ready for trial. A jury consisting of armers was impaneled this morning. They are Jay Lewis, M. C. Flemming, Charles Smith, Paul Williams, J. D. Dinning, J. H. Duffer, Vol Bunch, M. E. Arnold, B. S. Bryan, O. G. Bryum, T. L. Cushman and John Ray.

The case was presented to the jury by both the Commonwealth and defense. The former is represented by James R. Mallory, Commonwealth Attorney; W. H. Gray, county attorney of Muhlenberg; Thomas Sparks, of Greenville; G. W. Roark, of this place. The defense is represented by Denning & Clark, of Greenville; C. B. Moore and G. T. Finn, of Franklin. The witnesses introduced this afternoon were Robert Wyckliffe, Sheriff of Muhlenberg; Bradley Mallory, clerk at the store where the raid was made; J. B. Cox, owner of the store and manager of the coal mines where the defendants were wounded.

Drs. Benton and Slayton, who attended the wounded men; John Rose and Phil Miller, members of Muhlenberg county lodges who claimed to be members of the "possum hunters," and Robert, John and Byron Cundiff and Sam Lynch, who heard shots fired.

According to testimony given by an alleged "possum hunter," J. B. Cox received a warning that his store would be visited on the night of July 18, 1914. The warning is alleged to have come from a man who was forced to join the "possum hunters." Cox armed himself and hid in the back yard of his store. When the raiders arrived they broke open a window and exploded a dynamite bomb inside, tearing a hole in the floor. Cox opened fire upon the party and they, in turn, shot and wounded him. The five men on trial were also wounded. Drs. Benton and Slayton attended them. Bradley Mallory, the clerk, upon hearing the melee took refuge between a couple of mattresses in an upstairs room in the store. John Rose and Phil Miller testified that "possum hunters" were discussed at meetings of organized lodges in Muhlenberg county.

Frank Case Before Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Argument on the Georgia federal court's decision in refusing a writ of habeas corpus to Leon M. Frank, under death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan, the Atlanta factory girl, will be concluded to-day before the United States supreme court. The decision probably will not be given for several weeks.

The Cambridge Players.

This organization marks the beginning of a new epoch in lyceum entertainment. This was the first company organized by Mr. Elias Day and to which his name was given as coach and director. The programs are changed yearly and offer to the public entertainments of purpose, variety and thoroughly artistic modeling, with an attention to detail that has been a revelation.

All costuming is historically correct and procured without regard to expense. The scenes from famous plays are the most vital, the humor clean and wholesome, the singing above reproach.

The Cambridge Players will enter-

tain at College Hall Thursday night, March 11. The last number on the local lyceum course.

Soldiers Pray Before Battle.

New York, Feb. 27.—National religious regeneration is in progress in England and the Puritan spirit has seized the British army, according to F. Herbert Stead, of Browning Hall, London, who arrived here last night, a passenger on the steamship Jantic.

"The result of this war from the religious point of view," said Mr. Stead, "promises to be a real national regeneration. Rarely do the men go into the trenches until they have offered prayer. I heard of several different companies that would not go into battle until after prayer, the men even insisting on their colonel leading them in prayer."

Death of Miss Lucile Taylor.

Not only the people of Hartford, where she was in school several years, nor those of McHenry, where she was employed as a teacher; nor only the citizens of Beaver Dam and Liberty, but all of this part of the county was shocked when the news of the death of Miss Lucile Taylor reached here Monday morning. Many have passed their active years of life and are now waiting patiently for the end. That one of these could not answer the call for one so young, so attractive and so lovely seems a pity, indeed.

About two weeks ago Miss Taylor had an attack of appendicitis which appeared so serious that she was taken from McHenry to a Louisville hospital for an operation. The operation was made but the physicians encouraged little hope for her recovery. However, she improved for several days and it was thought, had a good chance to recover when the end came Monday morning at 6 o'clock. Upon the patients request the nurse had gone for a glass of water and upon her return found that the young lady was dead.

The remains were brought to Beaver Dam and rested Monday night at the home of Mr. Horace Taylor with whom Lucile had made her home since the death of her parents several years ago. Funeral and burial were held at Liberty Tuesday at 11:00 o'clock. Revs. Russell and Napier conducting the service.

Many friends from McHenry, Beaver Dam, Hartford and other places attended the funeral and with sad hearts were conscious of their loss.

The pall bearers were composed of young lady friends of the deceased.

A. S. of E. Meeting at Fordville.

State Headquarters A. S. of E., March 1.—National Organizer of the American Society of Equity M. F. Sharp of St. Paul, Minnesota, will address the people of Fordville and community on Saturday, March 6, on the great principles of Equity. This will be an opportunity for everybody to hear a thorough discussion of Equity and also to become a member of this great organization that is now so firmly planted in so many states of the Union and beside the great educational benefits this organization of farmers is offering, millions of dollars worth of business is being done by its members. So we invite every man, woman and child to come to Fordville, Ky. at 1 p. m. on Saturday March 6.

S. B. ROBERTSON,
State Sec'y. A. S. of E.

Car Load of Poultry Wanted.

Will pay the following cash prices delivered at Dundee, Ky., Monday, March 8, 1915:

Hens	12c
Roosters	8c
Ducks	12c
Geese	7c
Turkeys	12c
Guineas	15c each

Will receive all day. Please do not feed your poultry on date of delivery. Poultry does not thrive that has been stuffed and in addition, it runs our shrinkage up. Will pay above prices delivered at Hartford, Ky., from Tuesday, March 9, 9:00 a. m., to Wednesday, March 10, 9:00 a. m. 1915. W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky.

A. S. of E. Notice.

Hartford local A. S. of E. No. 604, will meet at the Bennett schoolhouse next Friday night, March 5th. All those wishing to pool poultry are requested to be present.

T. H. BALMAIN, Pres.

IN NEED OF STATESMANSHIP

Complications From Underwood Tariff and War Tax.

Patriotism That Can See Further Than Partisan Advantage In Demand.

The situation is appalling. It cannot be shirked. It must be met. There are several ways in which it can be done. The simplest, but probably the most obnoxious, would be to issue bonds; another would be to resneat the war tax in times of profound peace; another still would be to readjust the income tax by decreasing the exemption and increasing the rate, or again to revert back to the old practice of collecting money from a duty on sugar.

In these words Representative Proussard of Louisiana explains his action in offering in the Congress a resolution providing for the indefinite suspension of the free-sugar section of the Underwood tariff act. It is a bit rhetorical, perhaps, to describe the situation as appalling. The United States is quite a large country, with 100,000,000 inhabitants. To appall would require conditions much more pretentious than existing ones. But Representative Proussard's resolution offers a chance for statesmanship of the highest order to manifest itself in the Congress or thru the Congress. The methods employed in placing the Underwood tariff on the statute books were absolutely lacking in statesmanship; however wide the vision for tariff revision may have been. The tariff as enacted was not even in accord with the platform of the party responsible for it. That platform demanded a tariff for revenue only. The bill essaying to put into effect that platform was confessedly one looking to a tariff for less than necessary revenue, and, to overcome the deficit, there was grafted upon the measure an income-tax feature which, if it had any fundamental coherent thought in it at all, was an expression of almost vindictive class feeling and the rankest demagoguery.

Little, if any, emphasis was placed upon the income tax as a substitute for the tariff in raising revenue in the campaign for the amendment to the Constitution permitting the levying of an income tax. If any point was emphasized, it was that an income tax would be a ready source of revenue in the event of war. In either event the radical departure in fiscal legislation called for acquaintance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, with fundamental principles of law, with the meaning and value of words and with the rules of English syntax, and for a certain breadth of mind that could not be influenced by the prejudice or ignorance of public affairs or by desire for petty party advantage. None of these qualities was permitted to be influential in the sixty-five hours occupied in discussion in the House and Senate of a measure substantially the same as one which in a preceding Congress had been furthered in attempted evasion of constitutional limitations.

So, also, statesmanship in the Congress would have demanded searching inquiry and careful thought in scaling down the tariff schedule to a mere revenue basis, to the end that injustice should be done to no American interest, great or small, and more particularly that the very purpose aimed at should not be defeated. But the basis of the revision was apparently measures promoted in 1912 obviously as party campaign material and lacking the essentials of sound legislation, while the enlargement of the opportunity for the admission duty free of raw materials for industry had within it the probability of inflicting injury upon American producers of such raw materials, and, in some cases, to the direct advantage of interests which had waxed great thru the operations of a protective tariff.

Results were easily foreseen. But the warnings against making them possible, were unheeded. The European war has undoubtedly made the situation acute. The European war, tho, did not create the situation. Before there was a breath of war the situation had naturally deteriorated, as had been expected by disinterested students of the situation. Altho the law as enacted in 1912 was a step forward, but a few months of the year ended June 30, 1914, two months before hostilities began, the value of imports free of duty in that year showed an increase over the preceding year of \$139,976,500 while there was a decrease in the value of dutiable imports of \$59,061,114, a virtual loss in the basis for revenue by

way of the tariff of \$139,039,528. This loss was reflected in a decrease of \$26,279,723 in revenue from the tariff.

The estimate of the Internal Revenue Office of revenue from the personal income tax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1914, was \$54,000,000. The returns from that tax were \$25,000,000 less than the estimate. Incompetency upon which the framing of the income tax measure depended was equalled by, if it was not identical with the incompetency upon which the Internal Revenue Office estimate was based and which has vainly sought to extricate itself by regulations hampering at every conceivable turn honesty attempting to meet almost impossible conditions and grazing in vital aspects, actual law-making by a bureau. As a matter of fact, while the actual number of personal income taxpayers discovered to the Treasury Department in 1914 was 65,000 less than the number in the estimate prepared for the ways and means committee of the Congress in 1913, the actual number was 22,000 greater than the Internal Revenue Office estimate of 1912.

But the situation is not so appalling that statesmanship, which means patriotism, cannot change it and overcome the legislative pettiness, something much less than partyism, however that pettiness may have constructively been given party color, responsible for it. There is a splendid chance for men of all parties in Congress to get together at this time for the benefit of their country. In this getting together the individuals—and they are clearly distinguishable—whose lack of equipment for any kind of lawmaking has been demonstrated in the results of the tariff-income law must be entirely eliminated. Judged by their past performances and their mental attitude, their participation in the framing of a law capable of producing necessary revenue in time of peace and with provision against a decrease in the aggregate in case of war or other untoward fact would result only in confusion worse confounded.—Manufacturers Record.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Girl Hoboo Sent Home.

Georgetown, Ky., Feb. 27.—Worn and bedraggled, a pretty girl of eighteen, dressed in male attire, walked into the police station at Sadleville last night and asked for shelter. She said she was Lena Hufley, of Evansville, Ind., and that she had been lured from her home by Ben Sapp, aged forty-five, a boarder with the Hufley family who had promised to buy her a house boat on the Ohio river and that her family was to join them. Sapp, she said had cut off her hair and made her dress in male attire. Since then she said they had been hobnobbing with Sapp mistreating her whenever she disobeyed him.

Sapp was arrested and a jail sentence and fine imposed on him, while a collection was taken up for the girl. She was sent back to Evansville today.

WHAT \$10 DID FOR THIS WOMAN

The Price She Paid for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Which Brought Good Health.

Danville, Va.—"I have only spent ten dollars on your medicine and I feel so much better than I did when the doctor was treating me. I don't suffer any bearing down pains at all now and I sleep well. I cannot say enough for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as they have done so much for me. I am enjoying good health now and owe it all to your remedies. I take pleasure in telling my friends and neighbors about them."—Mrs. MATTIE HALEY, 301 Colquhoun Street, Danville, Va.

No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. This famous remedy, the most infallible of which has been known for forty years, has helped thousands of women to health. It is the only medicine that can be taken without harm, and it is the only medicine that can be taken without harm, and it is the only medicine that can be taken without harm.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

CANNOT SEE BUSINESS DEPRESSION OF COUNTRY

The President, With All His Wisdom, Is Unable to Comprehend Actual Conditions.

In the past year this country has suffered an economic loss of millions in unpaid wages and reduced earning power. In lessened construction and curtailed production. But the lesson to be found in this record of economic disaster is lost upon President Wilson. In his recent speech he stated that he could see no signs of business depression. His veracity is not questioned. It is admitted that he fails to discern conditions as they are, and therein lies the fatal weakness of his administration. Neither the President nor his Cabinet show any willingness to recognize or face the facts, because they are blinded by imaginary theories conceived in their own minds.

On every hand are unfailing evidences of business depression. The official reports, the authentic newspaper dispatches, the personal experiences of all citizens, the vast number of unemployed in all cities and towns are proof of the existence of conditions which the President says are not apparent to him.

Some time ago Mr. Wilson said that our business troubles were "psychological" and had a decided inclination toward "constitutional psychopathic inferiority." By this it was understood that he meant there was no economic depression, but rather a deliberate conspiracy to injure his administration. He even hinted that the late Clafin failure was engineered to bring discredit upon his utterances.

The President is unable, apparently, with all his wisdom, to comprehend actual conditions. His new declaration that there is no depression of business confirms the severity of his self-delusion. The bread-lines, the unprecedented demands upon the organizations of charity, the appeals to city governments for funds to succor the starving, all are proof of unusual conditions. But there are better proofs to be found. The Bradstreet report of January 30 shows that for the week ending January 28 there were 532 business failures in the United States, and 551 the week before, whereas in 1911, under a Protective Tariff, there were but 290.—Goshen (N. Y.) Democrat.

The Same Old Road.

From Shelbyville comes inquiry from one who has been studying for over a year as to how and how much the Underwood bill, as it is currently known, has benefited the people of this country, the farmers more particularly.

It is a singular thing that there are very few political convictions so strongly held, even by many of those friendly for one reason or another to a Democratic administration, as that, under Democratic administrations, prosperity can not exist. It is still more singular that the conviction is supported by historical experience and that periods of severe depression, of unhealthy uncertainty, and, finally, of social and economic unrest, have synchronized with the periods succeeding Democratic national victories. A violent partisan might go the length of asserting that no clearer case of cause and effect need be looked for. We do not go that length. We are content to mark the coincidence, allowing, at the same time, that contributory circumstances may be noted, as, for example, just now, the European war. What more natural than to cherish the corresponding faith that, if to put the Democrats in power is to invite hard times, to turn them out is to insure good times? And that idea is strongly held, too.

President Wilson, above all things a student of history, has been conscious of this mental attitude from the start. He has never ceased to insist and to drive home that much of the depression was psychological; that what the country was suffering from was a state of mind; and that he, the President—and in those days he was pretty much the Administration, too—wanted nothing but fair play, was averse to harassing business, and thought a rest would be for the good of all.

And thereupon has followed much shouting and clapping of hands; hope has dawned anew, to be succeeded pretty constantly by disappointment. Democratic theories, political no less than economic, have come to be pretty generally regarded as destructive, not as constructive. Democratic leaders for a long time were amiable enthusiasts contemptuous of experience and unused to the school of hard knocks. Most people liked them; many thought them honest; and a few trusted them. The

more certain you were that they would faithfully strive to put their fads into a practical shape, the more you were determined not to give them the chance.

The tariff is the test and the measure. The belief in a great tariff-made paradise was a favorite Democratic doctrine, and, accordingly, no time was lost in making over the tariff along the lines so beautifully laid down by campaign orators vastly well-meaning and ignorant with a vastness more stupendous yet. Such was the promise.

What about the performance? Starting out with a wagon-load of sunbeams and other such solid food, the Democratic party, brought face to face with questions of this schedule or the other, after much brave skirmishing that deceived no one, surrendered. For all the world the enacting of that tariff fathered by Senator-elect Underwood could not have been distinguished from similar performances conducted by the most sturdy standpatters of them all.

The process is familiar and simple. It is the process of give and take; of bargain and sale; of a little for you and something for me; of back-scratching and log-rolling more or less disguised, but more willing to face the light than most subordinates. Starting out as honest reformers, the Democrats, proud of their self-appointed mandate and lacking all expert acquaintance with facts, proceeded to embody inadequacies, injustices, absurdities, whose only immediate result was to paralyze business and throw a scare into agriculture.

The one hopeful idea, a Progressive idea, was negated. The naming of a permanent, nonpartisan tariff commission was turned down. There was no opportunity given for the adjustment of differences; for a scientific revision of the inequalities due to inept handling. Not gradually and from time to time, so as to lessen the shock, but as a complete last word the law went into effect.

Was prosperity and confidence restored and the business acumen of the Democratic party vindicated? Did labor discover an urgent demand and the manufacturer new markets?

And the farmer? His products were protected—they are now unprotected. When the war is over he will have to meet the competition of new rivals, encouraged like himself by the stimulus of the war itself. Right or wrong, he will hold the party responsible for the increase in freight rates; for everything that pinches and grinds him. That is the way of the world. The administration of the day has to take its chance of the knocks and boosts.

Can not our friend in Shelbyville now answer his own question? Is he not, like so many others, paying for the incapacity of a party that has forgotten what road is paved with good intentions?—Louisville Herald.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Preston Moseley, deceased, will present them to me properly proven on, or before April 1st, 1915, or they will be barred. Also all persons indebted to said estate either by note or account will please settle same at once and save cost.

W. D. RENDER, Admr.
3413 Rockport, Ky.

A Refining Influence.

Among the many movements of our time there is none of which the value is less appreciated than that of animal protection. Whoever has watched animals closely and impartially must be convinced that they stand in a much nearer spiritual relation to us than the majority of people suspect. Not only on account of the animals themselves is their protection urgently necessary, but also as a means to raise the whole human moral outlook and the conduct of life.

It is extremely foolish to neglect their protection on the ground that the welfare of men is more necessary than that of animals.

The care of animals is not at all antagonistic to the care of men, but is, on the contrary, the noblest way of helping mankind; it saves men from sinking into brutality.

We at once open to men a source of the highest enjoyment when we awaken in them an understanding of the soul-life in animals.

He who can hear the song of a bird unmoved and without rapture, and who cannot discover in it the wealth of Love which constrains the little songster to pour forth his melody; he who does not delight in the boisterous jubilation with which the dog greets his human friends, in the faithful eyes of animals so full of expression, in the beauty and interest of their ways and actions; he who does not love to watch the free unfolding of their undeveloped natures—to him are wanting a joyous and a refining moral influence. Such a person is indeed incapable of a right perception of natural feeling.—Zurcher Blatter.



Costs Less Bakes Better

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

ECONOMY—That's one thing you are looking for in these days of high living cost—Calumet insures a wonderful saving in your baking. But it does more. It insures wholesome food, tasty food—uniformly raised food. Calumet is made right—to sell right—to bake right. Ask one of the millions of women who use it—or ask your grocer.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-size baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to over milk and soda.

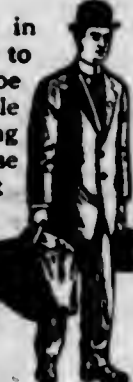
NEW INSURANCE AGENCY

I have recently purchased from A. C. Yeiser his recording Agencies for the following Fire Insurance Companies: Continental, Hartford, Aetna, Phoenix and Fidelity, underwriters, which includes the business written in all the towns and villages in Ohio county. These are all old line Insurance Companies and I will be pleased to hear from anyone in need of Insurance. Respectfully,

E. E. BIRKHEAD, - Hartford, Ky.

WANTED. One dealer or agent in your city and vicinity to sell Evinrude Detachable Rowboat and Canoe Motors, which are advertised in all reputable magazines of the world. This advertising campaign reaches thousands who have use for portable and detachable rowboat motors, but who would have no use for launches on account of lack of time and no summer homes. Write promptly for particulars as to how representatives are co-operated with and protected. Begin operations at once so as to obtain the full benefit of the season.

EVINRUDE MOTOR COMPANY
292 Walker Street, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN



TRUSTEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY

The Rockport Saw Mill Co's Land, Leases, Buildings, and Band Saw Mill Outfit at auction as an entirety, in groups or in separate lots to the highest bidders without limit or reserve, subject to approval of court on the premises.

ROCKPORT, KY.
Wednesday, March 17, 1915

Beginning at 9 o'clock a. m. By order of the United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, No. 5283, in Bankruptcy, Wm. H. Whittaker, Referee; Joseph L. Lackner, Trustee; Peck, Shaffer & Peck, Attorneys. All of the Real Estate is recorded in the Ohio county Clerk's office at Hartford, the county seat of Ohio county, Kentucky, where the metes and bounds are described, viz:

- Lot 1.—Deed Book 31, page 399, known as the old Woodburn saw mill lot appraised at \$1,250.
- Lot 2.—Deed Book 29, Page 533, comprising a little over one acre of land and on the waters of Green River, appraised at \$250.
- Lot 3.—Deed Book 29, Page 532, known as lot No. 30 in Rockport, Ky., appraised at \$150.00
- Lot 4.—Deed Book 29, Page 545, consisting of three lots, being numbered 30, 31 and 32, situated in the central west edge of the town of Rockport, Ky., appraised at \$125.00.
- Lot 5.—Deed Book 36, Page 626, being part of the mill lot, appraised at \$700.00

Also, all the Chattel property as per appraisal on file. **TERMS CASH** on confirmation of court. Auction catalog mailed free upon application to

THE MERCANTILE AUCTION COMPANY

Successors to The Ezekiel & Bernheim Co., Auctioneers,
No. 334 Main Street. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

BULBS
BUCKBEE'S BULBS SUGGEST
SPECIAL OFFER
Made to build New Houses. A trial will make you a permanent customer. Bulbs are guaranteed or your money is refunded.

Souvenir Collection 27 Choice Bulbs for less than 25c. Includes: Tulips, Daffodils, Crocuses, Hyacinths, Anemones, Pansies, etc.

Write to-day Mention this Paper

SEND 25 CENTS

H. W. Buckbee 1305 BUCKEET ST. O. ROCKFORD, ILL.

Ladies! Save Money and Keep in Style by Reading McCall's Magazine and Using McCall Patterns

McCall's Magazine with patterns for dresses, coats, hats, etc.

McCall's Patterns for sale separately.

Write for free catalog and sample copy.

McCall's Magazine Co., 111 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A black and white portrait photograph of a man, likely a member of the Communist Party, wearing a dark suit jacket and a light-colored shirt. The image is grainy and has a high-contrast, somewhat abstract quality.

TO THE VOTERS OF KENTUCKY—I am a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the will of the Democratic party to be expressed in the primary election Aug. 7, 1915. My party loyalty, my availability as a candidate, my conduct as a private citizen and my record as a public official are respectfully submitted for investigation and consideration. For more than three years I have served you as Assistant Auditor, and while the office is not an elective one, the duties are important and exacting. There I have honestly endeavored to discharge properly and efficiently. My experience, I feel, has especially equipped me to fill the office to which I now aspire. If nominated and elected as your Secretary of State, all the energy and ability which I have shall be earnestly devoted to the business of that department. No duty will be too arduous for me to perform faithfully, and none will be considered too trivial to receive careful and prompt attention. Feeling very grateful for the assurances of support already received, and soliciting the votes and influence of all, I am,

Sincerely yours,

**All Sorts of Trouble Results to
Japanese Imperial
Representative.**

"But Admiral Dewa is here," protested a member of the party. The guard smiled but became angry when Admiral Dewa pushed him aside and started to board President Smith's car. The Admiral was thrust rudely away. His fellow officers at once came to his assistance. The guard was reinforced by negro porters.

"Get the police," yelled the guard. Two officers immediately appeared. The policemen were just ready to

About 56 acres 3 miles East of Hartford on Hartford and Cromwell road, 1½ miles from pike. Four room cottage in good repair. Everlasting water at residence. Two barns, tobacco and stock. Plenty of peaches and apples. All hill land, but in very good condition. Possession any time. Terms reasonable. Apply to BARNETT & SON, Republican Office, 231½ Hartford, Ky.

Mayor Carter H. Harrison, standing on an anti-vice platform, which his enemies charged was only a pretense, failed to receive anything like the support from the women voters he had expected, but the total majority against him was so overwhelm-

OAKLAND NURSERIES,
2818 Columbia, Tenn.

For catalogue and information. Box A.



PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a liniment. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, Editor & Proprietor
ALLISON BARNETT, Associate Editor

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.
Business Letters and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks, 5c per line, money in advance.
Church Notices for services free, but other church advertisements, 5c per line.
Anonymous communications will receive no mention.

TELEPHONES.

Cumbersland 123
Farmers' Mutual 55

FRIDAY, MARCH 5.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. THOMAS, of Ohio County, a candidate for State Senator, 7th Senatorial District, composed of Ohio, Muhlenberg and Butler counties. General primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce HON. ALBERT LEACH, of Beaver Dam, Ky., a candidate for State Senator in the 7th Senatorial District comprised of the counties of Ohio, Butler and Muhlenberg. Republican primary election, Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM D. MORRIS, of East Hartford precinct, a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. General primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce W. S. DEAN, of Sulphur Springs precinct, a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. Primary election Saturday, Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce L. L. EMBRY a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative from Ohio County. General primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE J. S. GLENN, of Hartford, as a candidate for the nomination for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary the first Saturday in August, 1915.

We are authorized to announce OTTO C. MARTIN a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk at the general primary election Aug. 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce G. L. P. KEOWN a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio County. General primary election August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce WALLACE H. RILEY a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio county. General Primary August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce CARL M. TAYLOR, of Prentiss precinct, a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Court Clerk of Ohio County. General Primary Saturday, August 7, 1915.

In this issue of The Republican appears an announcement of Hon. G. B. Likens, who is asking the Democratic nomination for Secretary of State. Mr. Likens is too well known to most of our readers for us to be able to add anything to his splendid reputation. He is a self-made man, honest, faithful to every trust and an honor to Ohio county, his native birth. The Democratic party could find no more deserving or better equipped man for this nomination, and having faced him in many hard political contests, we think we can estimate his fighting abilities. The highest compliment we could pay him, in this regard, is to say that we Republicans always dread his superb strategem and his "never say quit" qualities. Here's hoping that you will at least win the nomination, "Gabe."

The loss to Ohio county through the mail order houses at Chicago and other large cities is alarming. The orders through the Hartford post office during the month of February amounted to \$2,500. If this was an average month it means \$30,000 a year. It is fair to presume that the orders through the Hartford office would represent not more than one-fourth the amount sent from the county. Then we

have something like \$100,000 sent from Ohio county to distant cities every year. This is a serious matter. Our merchants should take notice and see if the fault lies with them. Sears, Roebuck & Co., recently declared a dividend of 50 per cent, indicating that they make a profit on what they sell. Do our merchants handle what the people want, at a reasonable profit and do they advertise in the most attractive way? Many of them do not advertise at all. It is only a question of time when the mail order houses will get those who do not. As we have often said it is suicide to starve our own merchants, but they should let the people have a knowledge of what they handle and their prices. They may be sure the mail order houses are doing this. We would regret to see the day when we would have no country merchants, but that is what we are drifting toward. All cities and no small towns. These vast sums of money sent away would discharge many obligations, if kept at home through our own merchants. Even that part which finally goes to the wholesale house to pay for the goods, bought by the merchant, might pay debt after debt, before it is sent away in the form of a check on some local bank, if paid to him for the goods here.

Referring to an editorial in this paper in which we charged that the farmers did not get enough for their wheat last year and that there is now no excuse for the high price of flour as very little wheat had been exported, The Louisville Herald says: "But we did not know that there was a newspaper or farmer in the State who was so ill informed as to believe that very little wheat had been exported." The Herald then attempts to show that the opposite is true by quoting the amount sent abroad for seven months ending Jan. 1. Well, we stick to our proposition notwithstanding the Herald's showing. It is known by those not "ill informed," that very much of the exports of wheat for the time mentioned was from the 1913 crop. Why, only the day before the Herald made this plea, it published the testimony of Leiter, the greatest of all wheat gamblers, that the farmers were to blame for the high price of wheat. The Herald should agree with those for whom it would apologize. If the farmer has still got the wheat and holding it with the prices around \$1.60 a bushel, thus keeping up prices, as Leiter claims, of course it has not been exported in sufficient quantities to cause the almost prohibitive prices in flour. Neither contention is true. American wheat is now in the hands of the great millers, Elevator men and Speculators and it was bought from the farmers at from 57 cents to 70 cents per bushel. When flour, made from this same wheat, is sold to the consumer at \$8. to \$10. a barrel, he is being robbed, and some one is being enriched to the tune of millions without having fairly earned it. There ought to be power some where to stop this kind of business. Will The Herald, which poses as a friend to the common people, help us find the trouble and stand for the correction of a condition which permits the speculator to squeeze the farmer out of his wheat at 57 cents a bushel, only to sell it back to him in flour at \$10. a barrel.

How to Restore Prosperity.

If the party in power wants to restore national prosperity, let it lead to constructive work by sweeping away many of the harassing restrictions of business for which it, as well as the Republican party, is responsible. Under such a policy, with a willingness to admit mistakes and to overcome them by a reversal of some of the blunders committed in destroying the sugar industry and injuring others by Free-Trade tendencies, there would quickly come prosperity to the cotton growers of the South, to the sugar producers of Louisiana and the West, to every factory in the land, to the railroads and to every industrial and business interest of our country.—Bay City (Mich.) National Farmer.

PLEASANT GROVE.

March 1.—The people in this vicinity are busy farming.
Mr. Mack Dowell went to Fordsville Thursday.

Mrs. Annie Sapp will have a sale March 25, one mile west of here.
Mr. Charley Butler returned home Thursday from Fordsville.

Mr. H. O. Whittinghill and family spent Saturday night with Mr. T. E. Butler's family.

Mrs. W. C. Keene spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. J. N. Shreve. Those on the sick list are improving.

A. S. of E. Notice.

The county union A. S. of E. will meet in Hartford at 8 o'clock a. m. next Saturday, March 6th. All those wishing to pool poultry are requested to be present.

SILAS STEVENS, Pres.
HENRY M. PIRTLE, Sec'y.

POSSUM HUNTERS

ARE SURPRISED

Six Masked Men Caught In Act In Hardin County.

Elizabethtown, Ky., March 2.—Six masked men were surprised by officers last night as they were in the act of whipping Richard Smothers, who lives in the outskirts of the city, but no arrests were made, though the matter has been reported to the grand jury, the officers having recognized all the men involved in the attack.

Smothers recently moved into the neighborhood and for some unknown reason incurred the enmity of some of the residents of his immediate section.

Yesterday he received a warning that a band of men would visit his house at night to whip him unless he left town. Smothers reported the matter to the officers, who went to his house, arriving there about the same time that the band of masked men arrived. The officers jerked the masks from the faces of the assailants and took the names of all those involved, but made no arrests.

One or two of the officers were inclined to think the affair was a joke, merely intended to frighten Smothers, but he insists he was hit on the head with a broomstick, and a club was found under the coat of one member of the attacking party.

Farm For Sale.

Eighty acres of good land containing dwelling, barn and other out-buildings, situated on Hartford and Rockport road. Well and spring on farm. Church and schoolhouse near. For price, terms, etc., call or address BARNETT & SON, Agts.
3414 Hartford, Ky.

No Possible Excuse for It.

What possible excuse is there for a Democratic Tariff commission? The thing is absolutely inconsistent with the Democratic position on the Tariff. If Protection as the Baltimore platform declared, is unjust, immoral, unconstitutional, unwise, the mother of monopoly and the cause of the high cost of living, what light can an investigation into the comparative cost of production at home and abroad throw on the subject? If the object of Tariff revision is the reduction of prices by an increase in importations, then the discovery that articles can be produced more cheaply abroad than at home only throws in stronger light the blessedness of Free-Trade. The existence or the extinction of an American industry has nothing to do with the case. What reply was made to the Louisiana sugar men who pleaded that free sugar meant the ruin of an industry? Simply, as stated by Senator John Sharp Williams, that if an American industry couldn't live without Protection, then it ought to die. There isn't much room for the verdict of a Tariff commission as to production cost at home and abroad in such a scheme of Tariff making as that, is there?

The truth is, of course, that a lot of weak-kneed Democrats, representing districts that are certain to unseat them at the next election because of the injury inflicted by the Underwood bill, are ready to deny their faith and embrace the Protective policy to save their own scalps. But when they do that, they ought to come right on over into the party that stands now, and always has stood for Protection.

Being wrong on the Tariff question doesn't worry these Democratic Congressmen, but the thought of what is going to happen to them next year is quite unpleasant. They cannot blind the people at this stage of the game by any Tariff commission dodge. They assailed Protection, they enacted a Tariff for revenue measure, the usual results have followed, and these misguided politicians ought to sit still and take their medicine.—National Republican.

Carload of Fertilizer.

I will have a carload of Fertilizer in about March 15th. If taken from car will be 95 cents per hundred pounds. S. L. KING,
3314 Hartford, Ky.

Hard on Them But Helps Us.

Of course, we would all be glad to see peace and order restored in Mexico and an end to the bloody conflict in Europe, but did it ever occur to you that we of the Coeur d'Alene district are in a great measure spared the pinch of hard times due to the Democratic administration through the revolution to the South and the great war across the Atlantic? If peaceful conditions had prevailed in Mexico during the past two years it is the candid opinion of those best informed on the mining industry that

the well paid miners of this district would be in direct competition with the peon labor of Mexico, for the Underwood bill opened the way for importation of both lead and zinc, the two main products of the Coeur d'Alenes. The effect of such importations would be one of two things—either a reduction of wages or a suspension of mining operations. The prolonged revolution alone has saved us and it is now believed a Republican administration will be in control before anything approaching normal operations can be restored in Mexico.

As to the European war, it has not only saved the country from a possible influx of lead and zinc from Europe, but it has created a suspension of mining and smelting operations in European countries, particularly in Belgium and Germany. Thus has fate intervened in our behalf and lessened to some extent the damaging effect of Democratic Free-Trade. For be it understood that the domestic demand for spelter and lead has nothing to do with the present high price of the former and the fair price that has been maintained for the latter. It is the foreign market either for the metals direct or for manufactured goods into which they enter.—Wallace (Idaho) Miner.

Notice—Pay Your Taxes.

Town taxes for the year 1915 are due. Please call at my store on Main street and get your tax receipt and save the penalty.

O. T. O'BANNON,
3114 Tax Collector.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The Farm Agency of the Continental Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, Connecticut, formerly represented by A. C. Yeiser, has been transferred to me. I also have the Agency for the Recording business in the following companies: Continental, Hartford, Aetna, Phoenix, and Fidelity underwriters, which includes the business written in all towns in Ohio County.

These are all old line Insurance Companies.

I will be glad to have you call on me or I will see you at your home for anything in the insurance line.

E. E. BIRKHEAD,
Hartford, Ky.

Office 'Phone, No. 66.
Residence 'Phone, No. 41.

Facing an Enormous Deficit.

The average citizen, which means the man who has no time to devote to thoro study of national affairs, or the citizen who pays little attention to questions of finance and taxation broadly applied, has little idea of the deplorable condition with which the country is now confronted.

A few days ago The Philadelphia Inquirer, one of the great newspapers of the country, reviewed the situation and presented the facts and figures with extraordinary precision.

"Nine days," said The Inquirer, "are left in which Congress is expected to appropriate One Billion Dollars for governmental expenses during the fiscal year beginning July 1 next. A considerable portion of this sum will be wasted, a larger sum will represent extravagance and the rest will be essential. Under ordinary circumstances the country could stand such folly, but it becomes painfully evident that the money is not in sight at present. During eight months of this fiscal year we have run behind ordinary receipts to the amount of \$82,000,000, not including expenses for the Panama Canal and payment of the interest on public debt. These items bring up the total deficit to more than \$100,000,000, while the Postal department is about \$20,000,000 behind. Thus with one-third of the year ahead of us we are \$121,000,000 behind. If the increase is at the same rate the ordinary deficit will be more than \$180,000,000.

"Against this there must be set off the returns from the income and corporation taxes payable before June 30. It was officially estimated that these items would bring in \$85,000,000, but it is admitted that this is much too large and the revised figures are \$65,000,000, which seem highly optimistic. Even if this sum is reached there will be a deficit of considerably more than \$100,000,000 unless the income is greatly increased from other sources. What are these sources? Only the customs, internal revenue and war taxes aside from a possible increase in postal receipts. Altho the war taxes have been collected for four months the total receipts from internal sources are only \$9,000,000 ahead of last year to the same date, and this

New Dress Goods

Our advance showings of the new Dress Goods, Linens and Waistings, Woolens and Washable Fabrics, suitable for garments of every description, are on display in our Dress Goods section.

These new things we want you to see. We want you to know that you can buy your new Spring outfit now and have it ready for the early Easter.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

LUMBER

We will figure quick and ship quick
We will figure right and ship right

Sash, Doors, Columns.
Nails, Builders' Hardware

Bills for Residence or Cottage. Call, Write, 'Phone.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

Jake Wilson, Mgr. FORDSVILLE, KY.

is but half the deficit in the Postal revenues. Probably the war taxes will pick up some, but the liquor and tobacco receipts are more likely to decline than increase.

"It must be remembered that the war taxes expire by limitation on January 1 next, and thus will cover only one-half of the fiscal year, while in the following March sugar will go on the free list instead of paying a small duty as now. This will give six months of no war tax and four months of no sugar tax and in spite of this the appropriations now being made for the next fiscal year are certain to be at the maximum. Against this constantly increasing deficit there is a nominal net balance in the general fund of \$47,000,000, but this is largely composed of fractional currency, copper nickel and minor silver coins, silver bullion and silver dollars. The Treasury Department has always considered that \$50,000,000 was the lowest limit of safety under these circumstances. That limit is already passed.

"In view of these official figures it must be insisted that the administration has made and is making a sad mess of our national budget. From the very beginning its policy has been to decrease the normal revenues by attacking American industry thru tariff reductions and to increase expenditures for every possible purpose. Its sole constructive measure of a financial character has been to lay a war tax in times of profound peace and even this has not produced anything like the sum expected.

"Yet we are within a few days of the end of the session and with the deficit staring us in the face no measures are offered either to increase revenue or to decrease expenses. A greater example of maladministration of public finance has not been shown in our whole history. There seems little doubt that unless extra taxation is imposed we shall go on the financial rocks and there is just

one way in which that taxation may be laid which will be of benefit, and that is to restore or practically to restore the Payne tariff bill. This is said in no partisan sense. It is plain truth. We cannot keep on at the rate we are going without meeting disaster.

"If Congress, in a spirit of defiance, shall simply wait until fall and then lay a lot of extra direct taxes, the country will rise in wrath. No man could conduct personal business as Congress conducts that of the Nation without going into bankruptcy. It is time the American people understood the situation as it exists and especially as it is certain to develop in the next few months."—The

FOUL AND FAIR PLAY.



You cannot expect to have good and healthy Poultry unless you feed them on the right kind of Feed to produce health and fat that makes tenderness. We keep that kind of feed for the farmyard, and our patron say they never bought better. Gives satisfaction wherever tried. Get your barnyard Feed here and you will always have satisfactory and healthy Poultry.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
The Produce Merchants
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Do You Know?

If you do not, we want to tell you in this space, that we are receiving every week some special lines of our Spring Merchandise. On our shelves now you will find fabrics adapted to early Spring Wear---the very goods, perhaps, that you are looking for. If you are not ready to buy, come in anyway and acquaint yourselves with the New Spring weaves. Your inspection will be appreciated. Do this, and remember that IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

FAIR & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5.

M. H. & E. RAILROAD TIME TABLE AT HARTFORD, KY.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 115 due at Hartford 9:20 a. m.
NORTH BOUND.
No. 114 due at Hartford 2:20 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND.
No. 141-111 Lv. Louisville 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Hartford 1:40 p. m.
NORTH BOUND.
No. 112-144 Lv. Hartford 2:05 p. m.
Ar. Irvington 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington 5:46 p. m.
Ar. Louisville 7:40 p. m.

When in Louisville

STOP AT THE
5th Avenue Hotel

FRANK ECKERT, Prop.
H. H. ECKERT, Mgr.

Up. European Plan

Mr. J. P. Sanderfur, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.

Mr. Alva Calloway, Centertown, was here on business Wednesday.

Mr. John Glenn is visiting friends at his old home, Drakesboro, this week.

Miss Myrtle Park, Central Grove, was the guest of Miss Gayle Tichenor, last week.

Esquire J. H. Miles and Mr. J. J. Russell, Paradise, were among our callers Wednesday.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of Miss Lucile Taylor at Liberty Tuesday.

S. L. King is headquarters for harness. Dress your teams up at prices that are right.

3314 Pictures, and good ones, at Dr. Bean's opera house Saturday night. Absolutely new-reels.

Mr. and Mrs. Bardwell, of Taylor Mines, were the guests of Mrs. R. E. Lee Simmerman Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. McKinney, Taylor Mines, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sanderfur last week.

For Northern White Seed Oats, see Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky.

Dr. and Mrs. Shultz, of Pleasant Ridge, were the guests of Mrs. Shultz's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sanderfur, last week.

A fine lot of Red Top Grass Seed for sale. Call on or address, HIRAM MILLER, Beaver Dam, Ky.

271f Salesman Wanted to look after our interest in Ohio and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

If you are going to buy a Watch, see us first: Will compare prices with any one and save you money. With 16 years experience, know what to offer you.

J. B. TAPPAN, Jeweler.

The Cambridge Players come here highly recommended and should prove one of the best numbers of the course. Besides singing they stage scenes of famous plays. At College Hall next Thursday evening, March 11th.

For Blount's Steel Plows, Oliver Chilled Plows, Disc Harrows, Corn Planters and all other farming implements, call on us. Quick sales and small profits is our motto.

ACTON BROS.,

3312 Hartford, Ky.

Estill Austin, 24 years of age, died suddenly at his home a few miles east of Hartford Tuesday. He had been complaining of cold, and while out on the farm he had a hemorrhage of the lungs and died in a few hours. He was buried Wednesday.

The examining trial of Theodore Roach, for killing Steve Taylor at Magan recently, was concluded before Judge John B. Wilson, Wednesday and he was released on the plea of self defense. Roach was badly injured in the fight, but is recovering.

Have a large stock of Red Top and Red Clover Seed. Will sell reasonable. Think it advisable to buy early, as the outlook is higher. Also have Bermuda Grass, Blue Grass and Timothy Seed.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.,

3114 Hartford, Ky.

The Cambridge Players will be the next and last number on the Hartford College Lyceum Course and will

entertain in the school chapel next Thursday night, March 11. It is hoped that a large audience will be present as plans for next year's course will be announced.

We will give you your meal and also your crush, made out of your own corn, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. Will exchange either meal or crush any day in the week.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

3114 Hartford, Ky.

The Overton road case is on trial in the County Court before Esquire Shown, Judge Wilson being disqualified. It is a motion for a new road leading from Paradise to Rockport and is being bitterly fought by citizens of that community both for and against the project.

The Ideal Players showed at Dr. Bean's opera house Monday and Tuesday nights and was pronounced by many one of the best of the season. Fair crowds greeted them each night and enjoyed some hearty laughs. The musical selections rendered by Palmer and Larue never failed to bring forth applause.

Mrs. Oda Seibert died at her residence in Mt. Carmel, Ill., last Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock of consumption. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Grigsby, of this city, and leaves a husband and three small children. Mr. and Mrs. Grigsby left Wednesday for Mt. Carmel to attend the funeral, which took place there Thursday.

BLACK MINORCAS (from J. D. Russell's (Owensboro) prize winning Northrup Strain. White Wyandotts, from Mrs. Tom Hayden's (Owensboro) famous Dunston Strain. Big farm raised Cockerels, \$1.00 each; Eggs \$1.00 per 15.

L. T. BARNARD,

R. F. D. 4. Hartford, Ky.

The entertainment given by the Palmers, who were substituted for the Panama Canal Pictures number, at College Hall Wednesday night, was without doubt one of the best ever given in Hartford and those who missed it failed to take advantage of a rare treat. The large audience was held spellbound from the very start, and was handled at will by the entertainers, who seemed to appreciate the attention and added to their efforts. Every member of the quintette is an artist in both playing and singing but special mention should be made of Mrs. Effie C. Palmer, contralto and reader, whose readings were a splendid feature of the excellent program. Each number was greeted with enthusiastic applause and when the last selection had been rendered they sat as if in a trance for fully three minutes, loath to bring to a close a most pleasant evening.

The Carter ditch case which has been on the docket for some time, was tried in County Court Monday and Tuesday before Special Judge H. P. Taylor. The proposed ditch is near the Daviess and Ohio county line, near Panther Creek. It involved a large number of the best citizens of the county on both sides and has been hotly contested from first to last. The people asking the establishment of the ditch were represented by Heavrin and Kirk, while W. T. Ellis, Owensboro and Glenn and Simmerman of the local bar represented those opposed to it. The following composed the jury who tried the case: Hooker Williams, Tom Tatum, S. H. Oglesby, R. M. Miller, H. H. Nantz and Joe Robertson. After hearing the evidence from a large number of witnesses and arguments of counsel, they returned a verdict against the ditch. It is understood an appeal will be taken.

An amusing incident occurred during the argument of the Carter ditch case Wednesday. Cap. W. T. Ellis was making the closing speech for the opponents of the ditch and in some way he got on the County Board of Supervisors. The way he trimmed them seemed to suit the audience and indicated that the Captain had been up against something which enabled him to speak with a personal knowledge and some little feeling. Just here it was noticed that one of the six jurors got restless and moved as though he was sitting on something hot. His face also took on an amber hue. The crowd laughed the more and Ellis evidently taking this to indicate approval of his remarks got hotter and hotter as he consigned the Tax Raisers to the bottomless pit, or lower. He did not know until after the trial was over that one of his jurors had just served on the Ohio County Board of Tax Supervisors and it was the knowing smiles of his Hartford friends more than the speech which embarrassed him.

Doctor's Office and Dwelling for Sale.

We have listed for sale two acres good ground, containing doctor's office, 5-room dwelling, all necessary out-buildings, 2 wells water, 1 cistern and orchard. Splendid location for physician. None within a radius of five miles. Easy terms to right party. Call on, or address BARNETT & SON, Agts.,

341f Hartford, Ky.

EDWARDS SCHOOL HOUSE.

Farmers have taken advantage of this pretty weather sowing oats, hurrying plant heads, etc.

Rev. Vanhoy filled his appointment at Bethel Sunday.

There are several cases of mumps and measles in this locality.

Mrs. Lucy Spinks, who has been sick for some time, is no better.

Mr. Clyde Bryant and wife, Cortus Porter and wife and children and Farris Bryant, all of Williams Mines, visited Mr. C. A. Bryant Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Garlin Taylor and Willie Duke of Butler county, visited friends and relatives here and at Red Hill this week.

Miss Lula Wolf, who has been attending school at St. Vinsint for some time, has returned home.

Several from here attended court at Hartford Monday.

Mr. D. Hurt and wife went to Borah Saturday and returned Sunday.

Mr. Ernest Martin, who has been sick for some time with typhoid fever was able to return to his work at Owensboro Monday.

Mrs. M. J. Hurt is visiting her son at Mellenry.

Mrs. Dessie Troy, of Taylor Mines, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Spunks of this place.

Miss Ella Dahney is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lottie McDaniel, Williams Mines.

Carload of Machinery For Sale.

On or about the first of March, 1915, we will receive a carload of the celebrated Weher Farm Wagons, Deering Grain Binders, Mowing Machines, Rakes, Osborne Disc Harrows, Hoosier Corn Drills, Harrows, Cultivators, &c. Likewise Vulcan Plows as well as repairs for all of this machinery. Having purchased this machinery in carload lots, we will be prepared to give very close prices to those needing anything in this line. Our aim is quick sales and small profits. So it will pay you to see us before purchasing elsewhere. We can save you money.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.,

3114 Hartford, Ky.

Basketball Results.

The Livermore High School team defeated Hartford High School in a very interesting game Friday night by the score of 28 to 18. The contest was close and exciting all the way through and the big bunch of rooters experienced many thrills. The home team was considerably outweighed but did much to overcome this with their pep and gameness. Towards the end of the game the larger fellows seemed to tire slightly while H. H. S. appeared as fresh after the fray as when the whistle first sounded. The local team lacked not for encouragement for a great part of the student body of H. H. S. was present to cheer their favorites. And cheer they did as some local lad heaved a goal. The fair sex were out in gala colors and it was made apparent that a good brand of athletics would be supported and welcomed by the school. The Livermore team is composed of a clean set of fellows and they made many friends among the basketball lovers by their conduct, both on and off the floor. Line up:

Livermore—Colburn, Owen (12), Tally (14), Quigg (2) and Webbs. Hartford—J. Glenn (10), H. Glenn (2), Pirtle (5), Tinsley and Moore. Referee—Barnett. Umpire—Hillman.

Timekeepers—Matthews & Brown.

Disc Harrows For Sale.

I have two Disc Harrows left and the first purchaser who comes will get them at \$16 apiece.

3314 S. L. KING, Hartford, Ky.

Even Brewery Interests Suffer.

A frank talk by Charles Bradley, president and treasurer of P. Ballantine & Son's Brewing Co., with a News representative, reveals some very positive views on the subject of the seriousness of the present industrial depression hereabouts, and throughout the country as well, together with the causes of it.

Mr. Bradley explained that personally he is averse to publicity on subjects of this character. He said, however, that in times like this, when the business reversal, in its effect on the wage earner, is so severe in many instances he agrees, in order to clarify the atmosphere as to what is the matter and what are the causes of it, that heads of important industries may well make public the results of their experience, observation and conclusions.

Mr. Bradley's experience in business in Newark for half a century, and the special study he has given to questions involved in the subject of industrial prosperity, lead him, he says, to the conclusion that the recent industrial reversal hereabouts is the worst Newark has experienced in fifty years.

He admits that the hard times in 1893 may have been sharper than now, but he adds, they were of short duration. Depression now, he says, has crept slowly but steadily along

COME LOOK AT OUR THINGS
READY TO WEAR



WHY DOES OUR STORE HAVE BETTER GOODS AND BETTER STYLES AND SELL THEM FOR LESS THAN ANOTHER STORE? BECAUSE THE BUYERS IN OUR STORE KNOW HOW TO PICK OUT THE PROPER THINGS AND BECAUSE WE HAVE THE MONEY TO PAY FOR OUR GOODS AND GET THE LOWEST PRICE. BUYING LOW ENABLES US TO SELL LOW.

WE DO A BIG BUSINESS BECAUSE WE'VE GOT THE GOODS AND BECAUSE WE SELL THEM RIGHT.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.



IT SHOULD BE

ED. V. PRICE & Co.

Personality in Easter
Clothes Blending

means adaption of the proper style to the proper fabric, a distinctive individuality in

Ed. V. Price & Co.

tailored-to-order clothes. Have them build you a suit that reflects YOU but does not reflect UPON YOU!

Let us have your measure Today!

Hub Clothing Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

for more than a year, thus far with no sign of general recovery on the part of industry.

The company's head attributes this primarily to the reduction of the Tariff, to the lowering of earnings of railways, because of governmental attacks, and to radical changes in legislation extending over three years which, he says, have made capital

timid, preventing new enterprises or undertakings and the enlargement of old ones, thus hitting directly at the wage earner. For a large share of this he blames the administration of Woodrow Wilson, both at Trenton and at Washington. These, he says, are the rock bottom causes of the trade depression—Newark (N. J.) Evening News.

HOW SUBMARINES SINK VICTIMS

American Sailor Tells of Thrills
Attending Incident.

New York, February 14.—A first-hand story of the sinking of the British freighter, Ikaris, torpedoed by a German submarine on January 31, off Harve, was told by Alfred Edwards, a member of the Ikaris's crew, who reached here today, a passenger on the steamer St. Louis, from Liverpool. Edwards is a naturalized American and his home is in Philadelphia.

"It was shortly afternoon," said Edwards, "when I and another member of the crew standing by the rail saw the submarine come to the surface less than a mile distant. In appearance she resembled a partly submerged tugboat, her bow showing the marks 'U. S. 1' immediately recognized what she was. A moment after she rose a head appeared through the tower top, our ship was evidently under surveillance. The Captain of the Ikaris apparently took the war-craft for a British or French submarine, for he ran up the British flag. It was but a moment before the submarine sank from view.

"The next thing we saw was a white ship coming toward us just below the surface of the water. Then there was a crash under, our starboard side just aft No. 1 hatch. A tower of water rose in the air, and the ship keeled over as she rose with the uplift.

"All hands were ordered to the boats, but before we could launch them a second explosion occurred on our portside and again the ship was lifted almost out of the water. One of the lifeboats was damaged and we were compelled to launch a third one in which to take refuge.

"We only got one look at the submarine and that was when she first appeared. We did not see her when the second torpedo was launched, and we were not molested in our boats. When struck we were only 15 miles off Harve, the sea was calm and after watching the Ikaris go down we put for the coast and were picked up within an hour by a French torpedo boat.

Ab! the Invigorating Whiff of the Pine Forest.

How it clears the throat and head of its mucous ailments. It is this spirit of Newness and Vigor from the health-giving Pine Forests brought back by Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Antiseptic and healing. Buy a bottle to-day. All Druggists, 25c.

Birds in War Areas.

(By Edw. Fox Sainsbury.)

Man quickly accommodates himself to new conditions of life. A man coming from a peaceful village and settling in London or Paris, where night is turned into day, finds the noise of the streets intolerable when he goes to rest after his daily work, and he regrets his dear, peaceful village where he could rest without any noise disturbing his slumbers, yet within a month he sleeps as well as he did in his former home. But the timid bird—surely a city's noise would never permit him of his own free will to choose a home in cities where millions of men, his natural enemies, dwell. Yet so it is. Year by year the number of wild birds increase in London, and nearly every species now lives in and around that city.

In war time who would believe that birds would not flee from the dangers of war? It would appear, however, that even the timid bird is not to any extent scared by shot, shell and bullet. It was expected that a huge migration of feathered fugitives would seek asylum on the eastern coast of England, but nothing of the kind has occurred. The motto of the bird is evidently "J'y suis, j'y reste!"—"Let men and women flee, I remain!" and remain he does.

One strange thing has happened, however, with the migratory birds. Having the instinct to migrate, the restless birds feel they must "be off" somewhere, and some instinct tells them that to cross over the narrow seas from Britain, the usual route being via Belgium and the north of France into the very "Jaws of death," were unwise. So this year a noteworthy emigration northwards has taken place. Whether they will find a new route to sunshine and warmth, it is too early to know.

Letters from the front often mention that birds, even living in the very midst of bombarded towns and villages, remain and get quite tame. Robins visit the trenches and are made welcome, for many a tender-hearted soldier thinks of his home where his children have been taught to feed the birds in winter, so he

saves his crumbs and Cock Robin has a royal feast.

Stray dogs, and even a pig, come into the trenches for food, and being neutrals they often go over to the enemy, but return day after day and make their morning call on Tommy.

The same visits are made all along that long front, from the North Sea to the Swiss frontier, by bird and beast, and the same welcome is given to all. We have read letters from peasant heroes, fighting for the dear motherland, in which mention is made of visits from birds, dogs and cats, to the French trenches, and the pleasure such visits afford. On one occasion a dog had left the trench and had been wounded by a rifle bullet. In a second a young soldier rushed forward and seized his pet, bringing him back amidst the cheers of his comrades, for he faced instant death.

We are indebted for notes on bird life in the war areas to a member of "La ligue française pour la protection des oiseaux."

Folkestone, England.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Forest Folks at Home.

(By Jake H. Harrison.)

Deep within the forest aisles
Cooling breezes blow,
While the verdant velvet leaves
Flutter to and fro;
Sighing with a lover's breath,
Hear them whisper low
While the daisies underneath
In their beauty glow.

Dancing ripples in the brook
Laugh as they go by,
Flirting with the water ferns,
Smiling at the sky;
While the minnows, pleasure mad,
Glisten in the sun,
As they leap and dart about
In their wanton fun.

See the robin come to bathe
In the cooling flood,
Weary, warm and thirsty, too,
From his quest for food;
See his wings a-flutter now,
Watch the water fly,
See him preen his feathers, too,
While they slowly dry.

And that saucy squirrel there,
Watch him frisk about,
See the teasing rascal, now,
Drive the robin out;
Hear him chatter in his glee
At the mischief done,
Clap your hands and see him dart—
Now the tease is gone.

See that awkward woodcock there,
Boasting in the ground
In among that water mint,
Where his food is found;
Caution now, or he will fly.
Ah, the timid thing!
He has seen us and is off,
Hear his whirring wing.

Forest folks are full of life,
Interesting, too,
And it is a pleasant thing,
Watching what they do;
Take your picture-gun along,
Find their hiding spot,
And each time you have a chance
Snap them with a shot.

Blew Out Brains of Helpless Men.
Madisonville, Ky., Feb. 27.—That personal enemies of Demmett Woodruff and Glover Hoard killed them at the Woodruff store near Hanby Station, in the western part of Hopkins county, is the theory of Sheriff Tom Logan and his deputies who are scouring the country today in search of the murderers.

The officials' theory is borne out by the fact that after the men had been laid low with loads of buckshot, the murderers put pistols to their heads and blew out their brains. Although a sum of money, a watch and two revolvers were taken from Woodruff's clothing, the store was not ransacked. The two men were eating lunch and evidently were called out of the store, as they left their food half eaten. Both Woodruff and Hoard were laid low as they came out the door. Hoard managed to crawl back into the store, as bloodmarks prove, only to be foully slain as he lay helpless on the floor. Powder marks on the dead men's temples show how they came to their end.

Pepper scattered profusely around the store prevented Odie Lafoon's bloodhounds from trailing the criminals. Sheriff Logan has his deputies, Will Sisk, Paul Lacy and Clint Logan, at work on the case with Policeman Sam Powers, all of whom are being aided by County Attorney Spert. Coroner Mack Stevens returned a noncommittal verdict.

Hoard was Woodruff's clerk. He was single. Woodruff was wealthy and well connected. He leaves a wife and five children.

ORDER AFFECTING GISH MINES IS SUSPENDED

Mineworker's President Promises Investigation
Soon.

Central City, Ky., Feb. 22.—A telegram to S. J. Gish, president of the Central Coal & Iron Company, from John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, whose headquarters are at Indianapolis, read:

"Having decided to suspend order of International Executive Board pending personal investigation of controversy affecting your mines, I do this because of conditions in Central City and to learn exact facts. No stoppage of work will take place until I decide finally. You may resume your work with that full assurance."

The telegram means much to Central City and comes as a direct result of the efforts of Mayor T. W. Wells and H. L. Coche, a committee selected by citizens to call on President White, of the United Mine Workers of America. They laid before Mr. White all the facts concerning the controversy between the Central Coal & Iron Company and its employees, which resulted in the shut down of the mines, explained that President Gish, of the Central Coal & Iron Company, had expressed himself as perfectly willing to comply with the contract dated April 1, 1914, between the Western Kentucky Operators' Association and the Mine workers with the single exception that in the settlement of disputed questions the coal company should select its own arbitrator instead of referring the matter to the commissioner of the Operators' Association. After hearing this explanation Mr. White stated that he would suspend the order of the International Executive Board thereby removing any further difficulty in the coal company resuming operations. He further stated, it is reported, that he felt satisfied he and Mr. Gish would have no difficulty in settling disputed questions, but in event they could not agree the matter would be referred to a board of arbitration.

The committee reports that Mr. White gave every assurance that there would be no further trouble over the matter and no stoppage of work would take place pending settlement of any question that might arise. Mr. Gish is highly pleased with the efforts put forth by citizens and their committee is taking steps to resume operation at once, being fully convinced there will be no further interruption in work. This turn of affairs means prosperity for Central City, as the coal company has orders to keep the men busy four days a week.

Farm For Sale.

150 Acres on Hartford and Rockport road, 1 1/2 miles from Broadway and 2 miles from Rockport. Schoolhouse on edge of farm and church near. Three roads pass dwelling house which is on Hartford R. F. D. No. 4. Most of land perfectly level. Any one desiring to purchase farm will do well to investigate. Price reasonable. Apply for further information to BARNETT & SON, Agents.

Canada's Good Sense.

The Canadian Government has had the courage to do what the Wilson administration refuses to do—raise the Tariff rates to secure the revenue necessary. While the United States is steadily losing money and the deficit is growing, the administration refuses to make any change in its Tariff laws because it would be an acknowledgement of inefficiency in drafting the Tariff laws. The Canadian Government gives no thought of its former policy; it sees the necessity of raising more money and it promptly changes its Tariff schedule to meet the emergency. In the case of goods now on the free list there will hereafter be a customs charge of 7 1/2 per cent on goods from the United States and elsewhere, with the exception of Great Britain and colonies on the preferential list, where the charge will be 5 per cent. From the increased Tariff duties an annual revenue of between \$20,000,000 and \$25,000,000 is expected.—Doylestown (Pa.) Intelligencer.

PATENTS

PROCESSED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo for expert search and free report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc., IN ALL COUNTRIES. Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent. Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively. Write or come to us at 110 Eighth Street, near United States Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON D. C.

Hotel of American Ideals

In a city where good hotels abound, the Powhatan heads the list.

It is first in the hearts of its countrymen.

The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, and restful. Its excellent location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 18th and H Streets, makes it a desirable headquarters for bridal couples, tourist parties, conventions, schools and colleges.

The Powhatan attracts the people of culture and education. Its proximity to State, War and Navy Departments, also to many points of historical interest, makes this hotel especially attractive to a discriminating public.

The Powhatan offers rooms with detached bath at \$1.50, \$2.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up. Write for booklet with map.

CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Manager.

LOCK BOX 618 COLUMBUS, O.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR FREE

Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

If you mention this paper we will send you a bottle FREE, by mail a quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption.

OHIO MEDICAL CO. LOCK BOX 618 COLUMBUS, O.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition

Of The New York World

Practically a Daily at The Price of a Weekly. No other Newspaper in the World Gives so Much at so Low a Price.

The year 1914 has been the most extraordinary in the history of modern times. It has witnessed the outbreak of the great European war, a struggle so titanic that it makes all others look small.

You live in momentous times, and you should not miss any of the tremendous events that are occurring. No other newspaper will inform you with the promptness and cheapness of the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World. Moreover, a year's subscription to it will take you far into our next Presidential campaign.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN together for one year for \$1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 50c. large box, or by mail. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Directory Ohio County

Circuit Court—T. F. Birkhead, Judge; Ben D. Ringo, Attorney; W. P. Midkiff, Jailer; E. G. Barrass, Clerk; E. E. Birkhead, Master Commissioner; R. T. Collins, Trustee Jury Fund; S. O. Keown, Sheriff, Hartford. Deputies—S. A. Iratcher; office deputies—Mrs. S. O. Keown and Gilmore Keown. Court convenes first Monday in February and continues three weeks; third Monday in April, two weeks; third Monday in October, two weeks.

County Court—John B. Wilson, Judge; W. C. Blankenship, Clerk; C. E. Smith, Attorney, Hartford. Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Quarterly Court—Begins on the first Monday in every month. Court of Calves—Convenes first Tuesday in January and first Tuesday in October.

Other County Officers—C. S. Moxley, Surveyor, Fordville, Ky.; R. F. D. No. 2; Tom Hines, Assessor, Olaton, Ky.; Ozna Shultz, Superintendent, Hartford; Dr. A. B. Riley, Coroner, Hartford; T. H. Benton, Road Engineer, Hartford.

JUSTICES' COURTS.

Ed. Shown, Hartford, Tuesday after 3d Monday in March, Tuesday after 3d Monday in June, Tuesday after 3d Monday in September, Tuesday after 3d Monday in December.

L. A. McDaniell, Rockport, Friday after 3d Monday in March, Friday after 3d Monday in June, Friday after 3d Monday in September, Friday after 3d Monday in December.

S. W. Leach, Cromwell, Wednesday after 3d Monday in March, Wednesday after 3d Monday in June, Wednesday after 3d Monday in September, Wednesday after 3d Monday in December.

R. C. Tichenor, Centertown, Saturday after 3d Monday in each month.

Winson Smith, Select, Tuesday after 2d Monday in March, Tuesday after 2d Monday in May, Tuesday after 3d Monday in August, Tuesday after 2d Monday in November.

W. S. Dean, Dundee, Wednesday after the second Monday in March, Wednesday after 3d Monday in May, Wednesday after 3d Monday in August, Wednesday after 2d Monday in November.

Ben F. Rice, Fordville, Tuesday after 2d Monday in March, Thursday after 2d Monday in May, Thursday after 2d Monday in August, Thursday after 2d Monday in November.

Ben W. Taylor, Ralph, Friday after 2d Monday in March, Friday after 2d Monday in May, Friday after 3d Monday in August, Friday after 2d Monday in November.

HARTFORD POLICE COURT.

O. C. Martin, Judge; McDowell A. Fogle, City Attorney; J. P. Stevens, Marshal; Court convenes second Monday in each month.

City Council—J. C. Her, Mayor; R. T. Collins, Clerk; J. E. Dean, Treasurer. Members of Council—J. C. Bennett, Capt. A. D. White, A. E. Pate, J. D. Ralph, A. C. Yeiser, W. H. Gillespie.

School Trustees—J. D. Duke, Chairman; R. T. Collins, Secretary; Dr. J. W. Taylor, and W. E. Ellis.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

M. E. Church, South—Services morning and evening every first and third Sunday in each month. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Rev. B. W. Napier, pastor.

Baptist Church—Services morning and evening every second and fourth Sunday in each month. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Rev. A. S. Pettie, pastor.

Christian Church—Services every third and fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Elder Gwinn, pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Hartford Lodge No. 675, F. and A. M. meets every first Monday night in each month. W. S. Stevens, W. M.; Owm Hunter, Secretary.

Hartford Chapter No. 84 O. E. S. meets every second and fourth Monday evenings. Mrs. J. H. Williams, W. M.; Jas. H. Williams, W. P.; Miss Elizabeth Miller, Secretary.

Rough River Lodge No. 110 Knight of Pythias meets every Tuesday evening. Jno. W. Taylor, C. C.; W. R. Hedrick, K. of R. & S.

Hartford Tent No. 99, K. O. T. M. meets every first and third Thursday nights. R. T. Collins, Commander; E. P. Moore, Record Keeper.

Acme Lodge No. 339 I. O. O. F. meets every second and fourth Friday nights in each month. C. M. Barnett, Noble Grand; W. R. Hedrick, Secretary.

Hartford Camp No. 202 W. O. W. meets every second and fourth Saturday nights in each month. Tom Williams, Council Commander; W. C. Wallace, Clerk.

Sunshine Hive No. 42, L. O. T. M. meets every first and third Friday nights in each month. Mrs. Attie Griffin, Lady Commander; Mrs. H. E. Mischke, Lady Record Keeper.

Keystone Chapter No. 110, R. A. M. meets every third Saturday night in each month. John T. Moore High Priest; W. S. Tinsley, Secretary.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY. State Officers—President, J. H. McConnell, Princeton, Ky.; Vice President, J. H. Burney, Muhlenberg Co.; Secretary & Treas., S. B. Robertson, Calhoun, Ky.; Organizer, T. H. Balm, Hartford, Ky.

Members State Executive Board—Ben Watson, Webster county; J. W. Dunn, Daviess county; Henry Pirtle, Ohio county; E. I. Ray, Hardin county; C. G. Davenport, Warren county.

Ohio County Officers—S. L. Stevens, President; Henry Pirtle, Secretary; S. E. Bennett, Treasurer. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION. Ozna Shultz, Chairman, Hartford, Ky.

1. O. L. Terry, Hartford, Ky.
2. T. J. Brooks, Fordville, Ky.
3. Ira Bozarth, Olaton, Ky.
4. H. O. Autry, Balztown, Ky.
5. E. G. Austin, Prentiss.
6. J. L. Brown, Rockport, Ky.

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Otto C. Martin
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Will practice his profession in this and adjoining counties. Commercial and Criminal Practice a Specialty.

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LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

Tuesday.—The Allies have disembarked detachments of artillery near the reduced Dardanelles forts, and British and French flags are now flying over them. The fleet continues the bombardment of the inner forts. A powder magazine was blown up, killing many. The fleet has reached the lighthouse of Kilit-Bahr.

United States.—The United States has been advised through Ambassador Page of the British Embassy of the reported notification to neutralize Great Britain's intention to resume all shipping to and from Germany and Austria, and officials at Washington were unable last night to express any opinion upon this latest development.

Russia.—The Russian offensive operations appear to extend along their whole front, and, according to their reports, they have successfully checked the German advance in North Prussia. Their reports refer to the capture of large numbers of prisoners as a new phase of the war, and credit it to a lack of officers in the German armies. The Russians have been enabled to bring large numbers of reinforcements to their front. The opening of the Dardanelles, it is claimed, would give Russia a vast amount of war material and release Russian armies.

Belgium.—The Belgian army has been re-organized and re-equipped and has advanced across the Yser.

France.—The capture of the American steamer Dacia by a French cruiser will take that vessel before a French prize court to-day, while an English prize court will pass upon the cargo of the Wilhelmia. The French report says 300 yards of trenches were captured in the Argonne, and that sharp progress has been made in the Champagne district.

Tuesday.

United States.—The State Department at Washington was handed the notification of Great Britain and France to neutrals regarding the requirements to be inaugurated against Germany and her allies, which is considered by American diplomats as the most serious phase of the shipping controversy so far arising. A strong protest immediately is regarded almost certain, and it is stated that the capital that the measures are the inaugurated against Germany are worse than a blockade and calculated to paralyze the commerce of neutral countries.

England.—Premier Asquith in the House of Commons delivered "England's answer to Germany's submarine blockade." If the combined fleets of Great Britain and France can prevent it, no commodities of any kind except those on the seas shall henceforth, until the conclusion of the war, reach or leave the shores of Germany, the Premier stated. He also touched upon the cost of the war, which he estimated at \$7,500,000 daily to the Allies and likely to increase. The House granted the emergency credit ever voted—\$1,810,000,000. He stated the American note is being given serious consideration.

Turkey.—The attack of the allied fleet on the Dardanelles has been delayed because of unfavorable weather. The long range fire and aeroplane observations, according to a statement from the Admiralty. The Paris Times asserts that an agreement has been reached between France, Great Britain and Russia regarding the future status of the Dardanelles where Russia is to have free passage of the Straits.

Russia.—The Russians have continued their operations around Przemyśl, according to their official report, where they defeated and have driven back to the frontier "not less than two army corps." The Germans, after compelling the retreat of the Russian Tenth army, attempted to join battle with the forces at Nowa, where it is claimed they failed in a driving movement.

Wednesday.

Russia.—The Russian armies are engaged in battle along the entire front and due to heavy re-inforcements they have been enabled to drive the Germans back in North Prussia toward the East Prussian frontier. The Germans are said to have abandoned their campaign against the Russian railway lines.

Germany.—In reply to the United States' protest as to submarine warfare, the German Government practically agrees to modify its submarine attacks if its enemies will stop the use of neutral flags and arming of merchantmen. The only hitch is

Catarrh of the Head

"Peruna Cured me In Six Weeks."

5,000,000 People In This Country Have Catarrh.

Mr. Tom F. Dady, No. 1 Manhattan St., Rochester, N. Y., writes: "I was troubled with catarrh of the head for many years before I paid much attention to it, but a few months ago I was so annoyed by headaches and difficulty in breathing through my nose, and my eyes smarted and looked so inflamed that I felt I must do something to relieve this state of affairs. 'I noticed one of your ads. in the paper, and then and there decided to try Peruna. I am pleased to say that it came up to all my expectations, for in six weeks it had driven the catarrh out of my system and I have not been troubled since.'"

Mrs. A. J. Tiegan, 1122 Wyoming St., San Antonio, Texas, writes: "I suffered over nine years with catarrh of the head, nose and ears. Five bottles of Peruna have restored me to health."

in regard to limiting the use of stationary mines. The official text of the German note is on its way to Washington.

United States.—The Government has decided to defer action on a protest against England's blockade order until replies have been received from England and Germany on the submarine warfare notes.

England.—The blockade order against Germany is not effective yet, as it has not been passed by the Privy Council, but in the ratification it probably will be dated back to coincide with Asquith's announcement. The first of the Canadian troops in the trenches have won their spurs by the capture of a trench at La Bassée.

Austria.—The Austrians have resumed the offensive in a bloody battle with the Russians between the Onda and San Rivers.

Tuesday.—Turkey.—Nine warships of the allied fleet yesterday bombarded and silenced the forts of Dardanus, Hamidieh and Tohemerlik, on the Asiatic side of the Dardanelles. Warships advanced two miles up the straits. Mine sweeping progressed under fire and Turkish positions were revealed by airmen.

Germany.—The official text of Germany's reply to the American note concerning submarine warfare in British waters and the shipment of food to Germany was received at the State Department, and is said to be an acquiescence to practically all of the points proposed by the United States.

England.—Exportation from Germany of such goods as England desires is not prohibited by Great Britain. Great Britain has not prepared her answer to the American note submitted to that country and Germany regarding submarine blockade and shipments of food to Germany. It is foreshadowed that the English view is that the United States is asking that Great Britain shall virtually forego the strength of her position due to her superior navy.

France.—From the sea to the Aisne there has been cannonading of varying intensity and the Germans have again begun to bombard Rheims. The French claim continued progress in the Champagne region.

Russia.—The Austrians delivered furious attacks against Russian lines between the San and Ordawa rivers. The Germans continue attempts to break through Russian intrenchments in their determination to relieve Przemyśl.

To the Housewife.—Madam, if your husband is like most men he expects you to look after the health of yourself and children. Coughs and colds are the most common of the minor ailments and are most likely to lead to serious diseases. A child is much more likely to contract diphtheria or scarlet fever when it has a cold. If you will inquire into the merits of the various remedies that are recommended for coughs and colds, you will find that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy stands high in the estimation of people who use it. It is prompt and effective, pleasant and safe to take, which are qualities to be desired when a medicine is intended for children. For sale by all dealers.

BULLDOG ATTACKS MASTER AND DAUGHTER

Dr. J. V. Pruitt, of West Point, Victim of Animal Now Being Pursued.

West Point, Ky., March 2.—This little city is in the midst of a mad-dog scare and two of its residents started to-night with all speed for treatment at the State Pasteur laboratory at Bowling Green. They are Dr. J. V. Pruitt, a leading physician of West Point, and his daughter, who is about 22 years old. They went from here to Louisville and thence to Bowling Green, being accompanied by Dr. E. S. Roberts.

The animal by which they were bitten is a large bulldog, the property of Dr. Pruitt. It had been tied up for a week or more, the family says, because it was in the habit of disturbing the chickens. This afternoon it was given its liberty. Hardly had its leash been slipped when the dog leaped at Miss Pruitt and caught her by one of her feet, which it bit almost off. The young woman called loudly for help, her father responding. He beat the enraged animal from off his daughter, only to have it leap at his shoulder, from which it bit him in the throat. All the while the dog was growling and baying furiously.

Goldman King, agent for the Illinois Central, attracted by the noise, looked out and seeing the situation, seized a shotgun and fired at the dog, but missed his aim. Frightened by the report of the gun the dog desisted from its attack and ran off. Parties of men are now searching for it. The community is in a state of terror because no one knows where it will appear or whom or what it may attack.

Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"I take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to my customers because I have confidence in it. I find that they are pleased with it and call for it when again in need of such a medicine," writes J. W. Sexson, Montevideo, Mo. For sale by all dealers.

Best Treatment for Constipation.

"My daughter used Chamberlain's Tablets for constipation with good results and I can recommend them highly," writes Paul B. Babin, of Brushy, La. For sale by all dealers.

Siftings.

Norway has set aside a large fund for making loans to farmers to enable them to prepare new ground for cultivation.

This country made and sold 2,200,000 buggies last year. Evidently the automobile hasn't quite driven the horse out of business yet.

For the first time in 19 years there will be a month February, without a full moon. The next full moon will be on the night of March 2.

The Vienna Zeitung publishes a ministerial decree ordering that henceforth bread may contain no more than 50 per cent of flour or rye meal. The remaining ingredients must consist of substitutes, such as barley, maize, oats, rice or potatoes.

Another game-bill will be introduced at the present session of the legislature, and it is a good one. It proposes that every man who hunts at all must have a license, the money thus obtained to go into the game protection fund. The charge for a license will probably be a dollar.

No educational institution of any kind in Michigan which is supported in whole or in part by public money shall employ a teacher or professor who smokes cigarettes, nor shall any institution grant a diploma or certificate of education to anyone who smokes cigarettes, according to a bill introduced in the assembly.

The United States is now feeding the world. Five times as much wheat and six times as much corn were exported from the United States in December as in the same month in 1913; flour exports increased more than 68 per cent for the same period; fresh beef increased more than 12-fold, and generally the exports of "breadstuffs," which included practically all the staple grains, increased five times.

Both Sudan and feterita seeds are to be sent from San Angelo to Sancti Spiritus, Cuba, at the request of Hubert G. Smith, a Cuban missionary, who sent several months there last winter. Mr. Smith says that farmers in that section of Cuba have heard of the wonders of the two crops and wish to plant some. The seeds are to be sent by T. F. Owen, secretary of

the San Angelo Chamber of Commerce.

Pigeons, larks and cockatoos like their baths in the rain. Game birds and poultry take dust baths. The common sparrow likes a dry shampoo in the dust and a plunge bath in the water. Reptiles soak themselves; elephants daub their calves with mud, then wash it off, says Our Dumb Animals. Rhinoceroses, buffaloes, dogs, bears and tigers like to wallow; the equine tribe favor a roll in the sand; cats, mice and their respective relatives lick themselves clean.

For the Stomach and Liver.

I. N. Stuart, West Webster, N. Y., writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Tablets for disorders of the stomach and liver off and on for the past five years, and it affords me pleasure to state that I have found them to be just as represented. They are mild in their action and the results have been satisfactory. I value them highly." For sale by all dealers.

Very Sad.

It is a very sad spectacle when a Democratic Senator snatches off the coverings of the dead to prove that his associates on the majority side of the upper house of Congress are in the same class with Judas. It is tough on Judas, to who we have sometimes thought, after all, has to bear too much odious comparison. He at least had the grace to go off and kill himself, and that's more than any Democratic office holder has ever done.

Senator Stone, reinforced by that obese hierarchy of Kentucky Democracy, Ollie James, may have known what he was talking about when he classified his Democratic brethren with the betrayer of the Savior, but decent people believe he could have proven it in a hundred ways without dragging the remains of poor Eph Lillard into it.

Lillard was the political bed-fellow of Ollie James for many years, and remorse for that, rather than his vote for Senator Bradley, doubtless had something to do with his rash act.

We sometimes feel half impelled to go around behind the house and have a good cry over the troubles of our Democratic friends. It's getting just too sad for anything.

Here's Senator James calling Senator Camden a traitor, and Camden assenting that our own Ollie is an unsheared ass. Yes sir! Ollie an ass—the same who, we had been taught to believe, was the apotheosis of statesmanship, embodying all the attributes of Webster, Clay and Calhoun combined.

Are none of our Democratic household gods to be hereafter sacred? Must profane hands be thus permitted to snatch off the halo from the brow of Democratic patron saints?

Ollie an ass! What's an ass, anyhow? Come to think of it, an ass is popularly supposed to represent the Democratic party.

Well, maybe Camden was right after all, since Ollie has been very near the whole works in Washington.

It is authoritatively announced from Washington that there will be no extra session of Congress.

This is about the only cheerful and encouraging bit of information the business interests of the country have received from that source in a long time.

The highly significant, not to say extraordinary, feature of the announcement consists in the reason given for it. It is said the President is sick, tired and disgusted with Congress; that he realizes, in the crucial situation confronting the country at present, Congress in session is a menace, and he, therefore, welcomes the day when he will not have "the herd of wild asses" on his hands.

Remember, now, this is reported in Democratic newspapers as coming from a Democratic President regarding a Democratic Congress.

The Republicans can well afford to let it go at that.

It may not be impertinent, however, to inquire, if the President is "sick, tired and disgusted," what sort of a feeling does the country at large experience.—Kentucky Sun.

Accused and Acquitted.

Hartford, Ky., March 4, 1915.—Broken down in body and mind and confined to a room with the horrid thoughts of having been accused of a crime so foul, of aiding in taking the life of Robert Nigh, procrastination only keeping him from being as one, and in this hour of dire distress where blood and love flowed so freely vicious ones have pronounced upon me, an innocent one and have said and done things which time and God only can efface.

To my counsel, Mr. Wm. Barnes, friends, jurors and the prosecutor, Mr. Ben Ringo, I thank you and may God help me to forgive and forget how I have been accused.

A broken heart,
TENA BASSET.

OUR SCIENTIFIC Horse and Mule Collars

We are putting in a stock of Harness, Breeching, Hames, &c., all of the best high grade goods. Any one wanting a horse or mule collar should see our Scientific Collars. They are made of the best grade leather, double stitched and made to fit. It does away with the pad and sore shoulders. It is a comfort to the beast and a pleasure to the owner. Call on

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"Because 2,000 life certainly workers in Glasgow, Scotland, had 'Curios' where the fire was, an emergency call for an ambulance was held up for nearly 15 minutes and this delay resulted in the death of—
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"a life might have been saved."
—Elmira Advertiser.

IT is beyond the bounds of possibility to answer promptly the mass of curiosity telephone calls that threaten to swamp our exchanges every time there is a large fire.

Calls for physicians, the ambulance or the police, held up at such times might result in the loss of human life.

For your protection, as well as for the protection of your neighbors, we ask you not to call the telephone operator merely out of curiosity. After all, she has no more information than you have.

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